Eidos Therapeutics to Host Conference Call and Webcast to Discuss ATTR-CM Phase 3 Trial (ATTRibute-CM) Design

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SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 25, 2019 (GLOBE NEWSWIRE) -- Eidos Therapeutics, Inc. (Eidos) (Nasdaq:EIDX), a clinical stage biopharmaceutical company focused on addressing the large and growing unmet need caused by transthyretin (TTR) amyloidosis (ATTR), today announced that it will host an investor webcast presentation on Wednesday, February 27, 2019 at 8:00 a.m. ET (5:00 a.m. PT). Management will provide details on the design of the company's Phase 3 ATTRibute-CM clinical program studying AG10 in subjects with ATTR cardiomyopathy and provide a business update.

Conference call and webcast

To participate in the conference call, dial +1-844-293-0174 (U.S. toll free) or 1-916-582-3546 (international), conference ID 7365928. The webcast will be available live and for replay on the company's website at ir.eidostx.com.

About Eidos Therapeutics

Eidos Therapeutics is a clinical stage biopharmaceutical company focused on addressing the large and growing unmet need in diseases caused by transthyretin (TTR) amyloidosis (ATTR). For more information, please visit www.eidostx.com.

About transthyretin amyloidosis (ATTR)

ATTR represents a significant unmet need of a comparatively large patient population in the context of rare genetic diseases with an inadequate current standard of care. There are three distinct diseases that comprise the ATTR family: wild-type ATTR cardiomyopathy (ATTRwt-CM), mutant ATTR cardiomyopathy (ATTRm-CM), and ATTR polyneuropathy (ATTR-PN). The worldwide prevalence of each disease is approximately 400,000 patients, 40,000 patients and 10,000 patients, respectively.

All three forms of ATTR are progressive and fatal. For patients with ATTRwt-CM and ATTRm-CM, symptoms usually manifest later in life (age 50+), with median survival of three to five years from diagnosis. ATTR-PN either presents in a patient's early 30s or later (age 50+), and results in a median life expectancy of five to ten years from diagnosis. Progression of all forms of ATTR causes significant morbidity, impacts productivity and quality of life, and creates a significant economic burden due to the costs associated with progressively greater patient needs for supportive care.

About AG10

AG10 is an investigational, orally-administered small molecule designed to potently stabilize tetrameric transthyretin, or TTR, thereby halting at its outset the series of molecular events that give rise to amyloidosis, or ATTR. In a Phase 2 clinical trial in subjects with symptomatic ATTR-CM, AG10 was well tolerated and increased serum TTR concentrations, a biomarker associated with survival in an observational study of ATTRwt-CM patients, in a dose-dependent manner. AG10 is currently being studied in an open-label extension of a Phase 2 clinical trial in patients with ATTR cardiomyopathy.

AG10 was designed to mimic a naturally-occurring variant of the TTR gene (T119M) that is considered a "rescue mutation" because it has been shown to prevent ATTR in individuals carrying pathogenic, or disease-causing, mutations in the TTR gene. To our knowledge, AG10 is the only TTR stabilizer in development that has been observed to mimic the structure of this rescue mutation.

Media Contact:
Carolyn Hawley
Canale Communications
619-849-5382
Carolyn@canalecomm.com

Investor Contact:
Alex Gray
Burns McClellan
212-213-0006
agray@burnsmc.com

Source: Eidos Therapeutics, Inc.